

Andrew M. Duke Policy Associate Director for Consumer Education and Engagement



Biography & Work Experience

Andrew Duke "Received His B.A. In Economics From Hampden-Sydney College." [Press Release, Consumer Financial Protection Bureau, 01/25/19]

Andrew Duke Is Married To Mary Elizabeth Duke. "He is married to Mary Elizabeth Duke and they have two children, James, 6 and Ann, age 8." ["Roe Chooses His Top Aides: Andrew Duke, Bill Snodgrass," *The Greeneville Sun*, 12/20/08]

Dates	Position	Employer	Source
Jan. 2019 – Present	Policy Associate Director for	CFPB	CFPB Press
	External Affairs		Release
Jan. 2011 – Jan. 2019	Chief of Staff	House Financial	Andrew Duke
		Services	LinkedIn
		Chairman Jeb	
		Hensarling	

Jan. 2009 – Dec. 2010	Chief of Staff	Congressman	Andrew Duke
		Phil Roe	Resume
Nov. 2000 – Dec. 2008	Chief of Staff	Congressman	Andrew Duke
		Robin Hayes	Resume
Nov. 1998 – Nov. 2000	Policy and Communications	Congressman	Andrew Duke
	Director	Robin Hayes	Resume
Jan. 1998 – Nov. 1998	Campaign Manager	Robin Hayes for	Andrew Duke
		Congress	Resume
Feb. 1997 – Dec. 1997	Campaign Manager	Randy Poynter	Andrew Duke
		for Lt. Governor	Resume
Jan. 1996 – Nov. 1996	Communications Director	Robin Hayes for	Andrew Duke
		Governor	Resume
Feb. 1993 – Jan. 1996	Senior Research Analyst	National	Andrew Duke
		Republican	Resume
		Senatorial	
		Committee	
Feb. 1992 – Nov. 1992	Issues Analysis Staff Member	Bush/Quayle '92	Andrew Duke
			Resume

Prior To Joining The CFPB, Andrew Duke Spent At Least 6 Years As Former-HFSC Chair Jeb Hensarling's (R-TX) Chief Of Staff.

From June 2011 To His Hiring At The CFPB, Andrew Duke Served As The Chief Of Staff For The Former Chairman Of The HFSC Committee, Jeb Hensarling (R-TX). [Andrew Duke Resume (CFPB-2019-0415-F).pdf, pg. 1]

From January 2009 To December 2010, Andrew Duke Served As The Chief Of Staff For Congressman Phil Roe (R-TN).

From January 2009 To December 2010, Andrew Duke Served As The Chief Of Staff For Congressman Phil Roe (R-TN). [Andrew Duke Resume (CFPB-2019-0415-F).pdf, pg. 1]

For Over A Decade, Andrew Duke Was Chief Of Staff, Policy And Communications Director, And Campaign Manager For Former Rep. Robin Hayes (R-NC), Who Pleaded Guilty To Lying To The FBI After Facing Federal Corruption Charges For A Plot To Bribe An Insurance Commissioner With \$2 Million To Remove A Regulator Who Was Overseeing A GOP Donor's Private Equity Business.

For Almost 11 Years, Andrew Duke Served In A Variety Of Positions For Former Congressman Robin Hayes (R-NC), Including Chief Of Staff, Policy And Communications Director, And Campaign Manager – Robin Hayes Was Indicted On Corruption Charges In North Carolina

For Attempting To "Use Campaign Contributions To Bribe The State's Insurance Commissioner" And Ultimately Pleaded Guilty To Lying To The FBI.

From November 2000 To December 2008, Andrew Duke Served As The Chief Of Staff For Congressman Robin Hayes (R-NC). [Andrew Duke Resume (CFPB-2019-0415-F).pdf, pg. 1]

From November 1998 To November 2000, Andrew Duke Served As The "Policy And Communications Director" For Congressman Robin Hayes. [Andrew Duke Resume (CFPB-2019-0415-F).pdf, pg. 2]

From January 1998 To November 1998, Andrew Duke Served As The Campaign Manager For Robin Hayes' Congressional Campaign. [Andrew Duke Resume (CFPB-2019-0415-F).pdf, pg. 2]

From January 1996 To November 1996, Andrew Duke Served As The Communications Director For Robin Hayes' North Carolina Gubernatorial Campaign. [Andrew Duke Resume (CFPB-2019-0415-F).pdf, pg. 2]

In April 2019, Robin Hayes, Then-Chairman Of The North Carolina Republican Party, Was Indicted For Attempting To "Use Campaign Contributions To Bribe The State's Insurance Commissioner." "The chairman of the North Carolina Republican Party and one of the state's leading political donors together sought to use campaign contributions to bribe the state's insurance commissioner, federal prosecutors said in an indictment that was unsealed on Tuesday. [...] The party chairman, Robin Hayes, faces the gravest set of charges of the four men who were indicted. Mr. Hayes was accused of bribery and conspiracy to commit honest services wire fraud, along with several counts of making false statements." [Alan Blinder, "North Carolina G.O.P. Chairman Indicted in Corruption Probe," *The New York Times*, 04/02/19]

In October 2019, Robin Hayes Accepted A Plea Deal In Which He Plead Guilty To "Lying To The FBI While The Bureau Investigated An Alleged Bribery Scheme." "A former Republican congressman who chaired the North Carolina GOP until this spring pleaded guilty [...] to lying to the FBI while the bureau investigated an alleged bribery scheme that has roiled the scandal-plagued state party. Robert 'Robin' Hayes's plea deal requires him to cooperate with federal prosecutors and potentially testify against three other men indicted with him in March, according to documents. Hayes, 74, was accused of participating in a plot to bribe a state insurance commissioner with \$2 million toward a reelection campaign — in exchange for the removal of another official involved in the regulation of GOP donor and co-defendant Greg Lindberg's private-equity company, according to the indictment." [Hannah Knowles, "Former North Carolina GOP state party chairman pleads guilty to making false statement to FBI," *The Washington Post*, 10/02/19]

As The Consumer Financial Protection Bureau's (CFPB's) Policy Associate Director For External Affairs, Andrew Duke, "Serves As A Liaison To The Director's Office" And Helps To Lead "The Strategic Direction For The Division."

In January 2019, Andrew Duke Was Named The Consumer Financial Protection Bureau's (CFPB's) Policy Associate Director For External Affairs, Where He "Serves As A Liaison To The Director's Office" And Helps To Lead "The Strategic Direction For The Division."

On January 25, 2019, The CFPB Announced Andrew Duke Would Serve As Its Policy Associate Director For External Affairs. "Andrew Duke will serve as the Policy Associate Director for External Affairs. Mr. Duke has 27 years of experience in public policy, including 20 years on Capitol Hill serving with three different members of Congress. He received his B.A. in Economics from Hampden-Sydney College." ["CFPB Announces Changes to Senior Leadership," Consumer Financial Protection Bureau, 01/25/19]

"The Policy Associate Director Serves As A Liaison To The Director's Office And Works With The Associate Director To Lead The Strategic Direction For The Division." ["External Affairs," Consumer Financial Protection Bureau, accessed 11/07/19]

CFPB's External Affairs "Ensures That The Bureau Converses With Stakeholders."

"External Affairs Ensures That The Bureau Converses With Stakeholders And The American Public In Order To Promote Understanding, Transparency, And Accountability." ["External Affairs," Consumer Financial Protection Bureau, accessed 11/07/19]

Andrew Duke Has Regularly Introduced And Given Remarks At Meetings Of The CFPB's Consumer Advisory Board And Academic Research Council.

Andrew Duke Has Given Remarks And Introduced CFPB Director Kathy Kraninger At The Bureau's Consumer Advisory Board Meetings. "Andrew Duke, Policy Associate Director of the Division of External Affairs, provided remarks and introduced Director Kraninger. Director Kraninger provided opening remarks and welcomed the committee chairs, committee members, and members of the public." ["Consumer Advisory Board," Consumer Financial Protection Bureau, 03/14/19]

Andrew Duke Was Listed Among The "CFPB Staff Present" At The Bureau's Consumer Advisory Board Meeting On March 14, 2019. ["Consumer Advisory Board," Consumer Financial Protection Bureau, 03/14/19] Andrew Duke Was Listed Among The "CFPB Staff Present" At The Bureau's Academic Research Council Meeting On May 10, 2019. ["Academic Research Council," Consumer Financial Protection Bureau, 05/10/19]

Andrew Duke Was Listed Among The "CFPB Staff Present" At The Bureau's Consumer Advisory Board Meeting On June 5, 2019. ["Consumer Advisory Board," Consumer Financial Protection Bureau, 06/05/19]

Controversial Statements

On Behalf Of Rep. Robin Hayes (R-NC), Andrew Duke Said Public Schools Should Be Able To Post The Ten Commandments.

As A Spokesman For Robin Hayes, Andrew Duke Voiced Support For A School Displaying The Ten Commandments.

While Serving As A Spokesman For Robin Hayes' North Carolina Gubernatorial Campaign, Andrew Duke Stated The Campaign Would Be In Support Of A School Posting The Ten Commandments On Its Property. "Vinroot's main opponent in the May 7 primary for the GOP governor's nomination, state Rep. Robin Hayes of Concord, supports such a measure if it's voluntary, a spokesman said. 'Certainly we would be in favor of posting the Ten Commandments if that's what a school wants to do,' said Hayes' spokesman, Andrew Duke. 'But it's like the school prayer issue - we're not going to mandate that on anyone.['] 'But if a public school would like to do that, we'd hope they could be able to do that.'" [Tim Funk, "Vinroot Wants Commandments On School Walls," *Charlotte Observer*, 04/30/96]

Andrew Duke Also Spoke Out Against A Civil Lawsuit Against The Tobacco Industry.

On Behalf Of Rep. Robin Hayes (R-NC), Andrew Duke Spoke Out Against A Civil Lawsuit Against The Tobacco Industry.

As A Spokesman For Rep. Robin Hayes, Andrew Duke Spoke Out Against A Civil Lawsuit Against The Tobacco Industry. "The North Carolina delegation is lashing out against the announcement of a broad civil lawsuit against the tobacco industry and chastising the Clinton administration for taking aim at tobacco farmers in the wake of Hurricane Floyd.' [...] Andrew Duke, spokesman for Rep. Robin Hayes [...], 'said the delegation plans to coordinate efforts against the suit with the Kentucky, Virginia and South Carolina delegations.'" ["NC Congressional Members Line Up Against Federal Tobacco Lawsuit.," *The Bulletin's Frontrunner*, 09/27/99]

Andrew Duke Managed Randy Poynter's Campaign To Be Georgia's Lieutenant Governor, Which Distinguished Itself With Poynter's Promise To "Abolish The State Board Of Pardons And Paroles"—A Policy That Didn't Prove To Reduce Crime And Was Rolled Back In Three States By 1999 Because It Crowded Prisons.

From February 1997 To December 1997, Andrew Duke Served As The Campaign Manager For Republican Randy Poynter's Campaign To Be Georgia's Lieutenant Governor, Which He Ultimately Lost In July 1998.

From February 1997 To December 1997, Andrew Duke Served As The Campaign Manager For Randy Poynter's Georgia Lieutenant Governor Campaign. [Andrew Duke Resume (CFPB-2019-0415-F).pdf, pg. 2]

Andrew Duke's Resume Claims He "Directed And Oversaw All Aspects Of Statewide Campaign Including Fundraising, Political Organization, And Communication." [Andrew Duke Resume (CFPB-2019-0415-F).pdf, pg. 2]

Randy Poynter Ultimately Lost The Republican Nomination For Lieutenant Governor In July 1998. "Poynter spent the weekend vacationing in the North Georgia mountains after his loss [...] in the Republican primary for lieutenant governor. He spent the end of the week cleaning out his campaign headquarters in Conyers." [Duane D. Stanford, "Finishing out of the money; Falling short of the runoff for lieutenant governor that he expected to make, Poynter reports to a job," *The Atlanta Journal and Constitution*, 07/30/98]

Randy Poynter Was Chair Of The "10-County Atlanta Regional Commission," Which Was Seen As His "Greatest Campaign Asset" And Brought Him Several Endorsements From Republican County Chairmen.

At The Time Of His Campaign, Randy Poynter Chaired The "10-County Atlanta Regional Commission" And Was "President Of The Association County Commissioners Of Georgia." "Poynter, a Republican who also chairs the 10-county Atlanta Regional Commission and is president of the Association County Commissioners of Georgia, is the fifth GOP candidate to begin fund-raising." ["Rockdale official joins crowded race," *The Atlanta-Journal Constitution*, 05/15/97]

Randy Poynter's Work With The Atlanta Regional Commission (ARC) Was Seen As His "Greatest Campaign Asset" And "Brought Him Endorsements From The Republican Chairmen Of Several Metro Counties." "Poynter's work with the [Atlanta Regional Commission] has done as much as anything to get his name out in metro Atlanta. Generating name recognition would have been difficult had he not taken a leadership role outside Rockdale. Poynter's relationship-building within the ARC has brought him endorsements from the Republican chairmen of several metro counties, most notably Cobb County Commission Chairman Bill Byrne and Gwinnett County Commission Chairman Wayne Hill. While the ARC has been Poynter's greatest campaign asset, it may also be his most significant liability. The few indirect attacks Poynter's opponents have made against him have related to his work with the planning agency." [Duane D. Stanford, "ELECTION '98: LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR'S RACE; Randy Poynter: Gained experience on the county level," *The Atlanta Journal and Constitution*, 07/09/98]

• ARC Develops And Updates "A Long-Range Blueprint That Details The Investments Needed To Ensure Metro Atlanta's Future Success." "ARC is responsible for developing and updating the Atlanta Region's Plan, a long-range blueprint that details the investments needed to ensure metro Atlanta's future success and improve the region's quality of life." ["About The Atlanta Regional Commission," Atlanta Regional Commission, accessed 11/07/19]

Although Randy Poynter's Platform Was Seen As "Pretty Standard," He "Kicked Off" His Campaign With A Promise To "End Parole As We Know It' And Abolish The State Board Of Pardons And Paroles."

Randy Poynter's Campaign Platform Was Characterized As "Pretty Standard," But He "Tried Hard To Stand Out" With His Stance On Prison Pardons And Paroles. "Even though Poynter's core issues are pretty standard --- crime, education and taxes --- he has tried hard to stand out. On the issue of pardons and paroles, Poynter wants judges who sentence criminals to decide if and when they get out of jail." [Duane D. Stanford, "ELECTION '98: LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR'S RACE; Randy Poynter: Gained experience on the county level," *The Atlanta Journal and Constitution*, 07/09/98]

Randy Poynter Considered Himself A "'Common Sense'" Republican Who Would Reportedly Not Be Found "Preaching To Voters From A Moral High Ground." "Ask Poynter or his campaign whether he's a moderate Republican and they'll quickly tell you he's a 'common sense' Republican. One thing you won't hear is Poynter preaching to voters from a moral high ground. At a June forum sponsored by the Gwinnett Young Republicans, Poynter spun the 'family values' question away from morality. While other candidates talked about a slip in society's moral codes, Poynter said the greatest threat to families was high taxes." [Duane D. Stanford, "ELECTION '98: LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR'S RACE; Randy Poynter: Gained experience on the county level," *The Atlanta Journal and Constitution,* 07/09/98]

"Poynter Center[ed] His Entire Political Philosophy On Less Government" And Sought To "Relax Regulations On Developers." "Poynter centers his entire political philosophy on less government and more local control. He wants parents to choose the schools their children attend. He wants government to relax regulations on developers so they can find creative ways to make communities more livable and pedestrian friendly. Poynter believes states and local governments should determine how to maintain welfare programs." [Duane D. Stanford, "ELECTION '98: LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR'S RACE; Randy Poynter: Gained experience on the county level," *The Atlanta Journal and Constitution,* 07/09/98] Randy Poynter "Kicked Off His Campaign" With A Promise To "End Parole As We Know It' And Abolish The State Board Of Pardons And Paroles."

"Republican Randy Poynter officially kicked off his campaign for the lieutenant governorship of Georgia Thursday by promising to 'end parole as we know it' and abolish the State Board of Pardons and Paroles." [Victor Miller, "Candidate Poynter Promises To 'End Parole As We Know It." *Chattanooga Free Press*, 09/25/97]

Experts Found That Eliminating Parole Boards Did Not Prove To Reduce Crime And By 1999, Three States Had To Reinstate Their Parole Boards After An "Increase In Inmates Crowded Prisons So Much That The States Were Forced To Release Many Of Them Early."

Experts Have Found That "There Is No Proof That Eliminating Parole Boards Reduces Crime, While It Can Lead To A Further Increase In The Already Swelling Prison Population." "[...] [B]ased on the experience of the other states, there is no proof that eliminating parole boards reduces crime, while it can lead to a further increase in the already swelling prison population, criminologists and other experts say." [Fox Butterfield, "Eliminating Parole Boards Isn't a Cure-All, Experts Say," The New York Times, 01/10/99]

By 1999, Three States Had To Restore Their Parole Boards After An "Increase In Inmates Crowded Prisons So Much That The States Were Forced To Release Many Of Them Early." "For politicians promoting tough-on-crime platforms, it can have an unintended consequence: three states, including Connecticut, reinstituted parole boards after eliminating them because the resulting increase in inmates crowded prisons so much that the states were forced to release many of them early." [Fox Butterfield, "Eliminating Parole Boards Isn't a Cure-All, Experts Say," The New York Times, 01/10/99]

In 1996, Andrew Duke Praised Sen. Jesse Helms (R-NC) As A "'True Conservative'" Not Long After Helms Sang "Dixie" To Make The First Elected Black Woman Senator Cry; After Helms Said Thanks To Someone Thanking Him For "'Everything You've Done To Help Keep Down The Niggers;'" And After Helms Ran A Racist Senate Campaign Ad Against His Black Opponent.

In 1996, Andrew Duke Praised Senator Jesse Helms (R-NC) As A "'True Conservative'" And Favorably Compared Him With His Boss Robin Hayes.

Andrew Duke Praised Jesse Helms As A "True Conservative," Favorably Comparing Him To His Boss Robin Hayes. "The only person who beat Jim Hunt in a major election has been a true conservative," said Hayes spokesman Andrew Duke. 'And that true conservative in 1984 was Jesse Helms. The only true conservative in this race is Robin Hayes." [Josh Cochran, "GOP Gubernatorial Race Turns Tight," News & Record, 03/21/96] • Jesse Helms Was A Republican Senator For North Carolina From 1973 To 2003. ["Helms, Jesse, (1921 – 2008)," Biographical Directory of the United States Congress, accessed 11/06/19]

Just Three Years Earlier, Jesse Helms Had Sung "Dixie" To The First Black Woman Elected To The Senate, Bragging, "'I'm Going To Make Her Cry. I'm Going To Sing 'Dixie' Until She Cries.'"

Jesse Helms Has Been Described As "Unabashedly Racist." "But to recognize Helms properly in his totality, it's important to add to the list of words and phrases to describe the unapologetic conservative Republican: unabashedly racist" [Ronald S. Martin, "<u>Commentary:</u> <u>Don't sanitize Helms' racist past [Opinion]</u>," *CNN*, 07/09/08]

In 1993, Jesse Helms Sang 'Dixie' To Senator Carol Moseley-Braun, "The First African American Woman Elected To The Senate,"—Helms Bragged, "'I'm Going To Make Her Cry. I'm Going To Sing 'Dixie' Until She Cries.'" "And the man ABC News now describes as a 'conservative icon' (8/22/01) in 1993 sang 'Dixie' in an elevator to Carol Moseley-Braun, the first African-American woman elected to the Senate, bragging: 'I'm going to make her cry. I'm going to sing 'Dixie' until she cries.' (Chicago Sun-Times, 8/5/93)" ["Media Downplay Bigotry of Jesse Helms," Fairness & Accuracy In Reporting, 08/31/01]

Just A Year Earlier, Jesse Helms Said, "'Well, Thank You, I Think," On CNN To Someone Who Praised Him For "'Everything You've Done To Help Keep Down The Niggers."

In 1995, Jesse Helms Said, "'Well, Thank You, I Think,'" On CNN When Someone Thanked Him For "'Everything You've Done To Help Keep Down The Niggers.'" "More recently, when a caller to CNN's Larry King Live show praised guest Jesse Helms for 'everything you've done to help keep down the niggers,' Helms' response was to salute the camera and say, 'Well, thank you, I think.' (Wilmington Star-News, 9/16/95)" ["Media Downplay Bigotry of Jesse Helms," Fairness & Accuracy in Reporting, 08/31/01]

In 1994, Jesse Helms Called The University Of North Carolina "'The University Of Negroes And Communists.'"

In 1994, Jesse Helms Called The University Of North Carolina "'The University Of Negroes And Communists" And Later Called Black Civil Rights Activists "'Communists And Sex Perverts.'" "In columns, commentaries and pronouncements from the Senate floor, Helms sowed hatred and called names: The University of North Carolina was 'the University of Negroes and Communists' (Capital Times, 11/22/94). Black civil rights activists were 'Communists and sex perverts' (Copley News Service, 8/23/01)." ["Media Downplay Bigotry of Jesse Helms," Fairness & Accuracy in Reporting, 08/31/01]

In 1990, Jesse Helms Ran A Senate Campaign Ad Against His Black Opponent Showing A White Hand Crumpling A Rejected Job Application While A Voice Says, "'You Needed That Job...But They Had To Give It To A Minority.'"

In 1990, Jesse Helms Ran A Campaign Ad "In Which A White Man's Hands Crumple A Rejected Job Application While A Voiceover Intones, 'You Needed That Job...But They Had To Give It To A Minority.'" "Forty years after the Smith campaign, Helms would win election against black opponent Harvey Gantt with another ad playing to racist white fear–the so-called 'white hands' ad, in which a white man's hands crumple a rejected job application while a voiceover intones, 'You needed that job...but they had to give it to a minority.'" ["Media Downplay Bigotry of Jesse Helms," Fairness & Accuracy in Reporting, 08/31/01]

• Jesse Helms' Opponent Would Have Been "The First Black Elected To The Senate From The South Since Reconstruction." "Mr. Helms, who on Tuesday won a fourth Senate term by a margin of 53 percent to 47 percent, has always occupied an unusual position in American politics. He is at once a politician whose staunch conservatism is well outside the national mainstream and an innovator whose abilities in areas like fundraising and negative campaigning have been widely admired and imitated. His race against Mr. Gantt, who would have been the first black elected to the Senate from the South since Reconstruction, showed both aspects of his career." [Peter Applebome, "The 1990 Elections: North Carolina; Helms Kindled Anger in Campaign, And May Have Set Tone for Others," The New York Times, 11/08/90]

Jesse Helms Was A "Devout Proponent" Of The Confederate Flag.

Jess Helms Has Been Characterized As A "Devout Proponent" Of The Confederate Flag." "The two also didn't see eye to eye on the Confederate flag. She was an ardent opponent; he a devout proponent." [Ronald S. Martin, "<u>Commentary: Don't sanitize Helms' racist past</u> [Opinion]," *CNN*, 07/09/08]

Andrew Duke Suggested That Rep. Robin Hayes (R-NC) Would Not Have Entered Into A Business Deal With A Transgendered Woman Had Hayes Known Her Background.

After A Magazine Revealed Rep. Robin Hayes (R-NC) Entered A Business Venture With "A Transsexual Race-Car Aficionado," Andrew Duke Responded On Hayes' Behalf, Claiming "Knowing Her Past Definitely Would Have Made A Difference."

"In The Mid-1990s," A Magazine Revealed That Rep. Robin Hayes (R-NC) Was "Part Of A Business Venture" With "A Transsexual Race-Car Aficionado." "U.S. Rep. Robin Hayes shows up as a character in a rather bizarre story this month in George magazine about a

transsexual race-car aficionado. According to the piece, Hayes was part of a business venture in the mid-1990s with the former driver (a he-turned-she) that turned nasty." [John Wagner, "Helms Plans to be in D.C.," *News and Observer,* 11/04/00]

Andrew Duke, Then A Spokesperson For Hayes, Confirmed That The Congressman "Did Invest In A Company That Planned To Make NASCAR-Related T-Shirts." "Hayes spokesman Andrew Duke confirms that his boss did invest in a company that planned to make NASCAR-related T-shirts, but says the magazine went far overboard in its description of the backstabbing that followed. 'The reporter was not going to let the facts get in the way of a good story,' Duke said. He added that Hayes invested in the company at the urging of the wife of Lake Speed, a retired NASCAR driver and a Hayes friend." [John Wagner, "Helms Plans to be in D.C.," *News and Observer*, 11/04/00]

Andrew Duke Said, "'Knowing Her Past Definitely Would Have Made A Difference'" In Duke Getting Involved With The Transsexual Business Owner. "Hayes, a Concord Republican, had no idea that he was getting involved with a company led by a transsexual, Duke said. 'Knowing her past definitely would have made a difference.'" [John Wagner, "Helms Plans to be in D.C.," *News and Observer,* 11/04/00]

Andrew Duke Was Rep. Robin Hayes' (R-NC) Chief Of Staff While Hayes Fought House Leadership For Trade Policy That Would Bolster His Family's "Textile Fortune"—Duke Said Of The Effort, "'You Had A Chance To Actually Get Something For The Benefit Of The Industry For Once.'"

Andrew Duke Said, "You Had A Chance To Actually Get Something For The Benefit Of The Industry For Once" After His Boss Rep. Robin Hayes And Other House Textile Caucus Members Successfully Won Pro-Industry Concessions From House Leadership To Give President George W. Bush Expedited Trade Negotiation Power.

As House Leadership Looked For Votes For Fast Track Trade Promotion Authority, They Knew That The House Textile Caucus Would Likely Support The Authority If Leadership Signed A Letter "Agreeing To Certain Conditions For The Textile Industry." "On December 6, when the House finally voted on fast track, it appeared at first that the administration's and the House leadership's efforts to rally support had not been enough. With the official time for voting already expired, fast track was four votes short of the majority needed for passage. But Speaker of the House Dennis Hastert (R-IL), House Majority Leader Richard Armey (R-TX), and Majority Whip Tom DeLay (R-TX), knew that Textile Caucus member Jim DeMint, who had voted against fast track, had prepared a letter on their behalf agreeing to certain conditions for the textile industry; if they signed it, DeMint and a few others would likely change their votes." [Susan Rosegrant, "Pakistani Textile Exports, Fast Track, and the US War on Terror: A Collision of Foreign and Trade Policy Goals," Kennedy School of Government Case Program, 2006]

- Fast Track Trade Promotion Authority "Streamlines Legislative Consideration Of Trade Agreements Negotiated By The Executive Branch" By Allowing Congress Votes on Trade Deals With An "Up-Or-Down Vote By A Simple Majority, Without Amendments." "First adopted in the Trade Act of 1974, TPA streamlines legislative consideration of trade agreements negotiated by the executive branch. When the administration negotiates trade deals that meet the high standards set by TPA and the administration meets the requirements to consult with Congress and the public, Congress gives those agreements an up-or-down vote by a simple majority, without amendments. This process ensures that trade deals are considered in a timely manner." ["Fast Facts on Fast Track: What is Trade Promotion Authority?," U.S. Senate Committee on Finance, 03/30/18]
- The Bipartisan Trade Promotion Authority Act Passed In The House On December 6, 2001. "The Original House Version Of The Bipartisan Trade Promotion Authority Act (H.R. 3005) Passed By One Vote On December 6, 2001 (215-214)." [Carolyn C. Smith, "Trade Promotion Authority and Fast-Track Negotiating Authority for Trade Agreements: Major Votes," Congressional Research Service, 01/12/11]

House Leadership Ultimately Signed The Textile Caucus' Letter, Flipping The Votes For Hayes And Other Congressmembers And Allowing For Trade Promotion Authority To Be Passed By A One-Vote Margin Of 215-214. "Ways and Means Chairman Thomas tried to kill the vote, reportedly believing that the revision was not only anti-free trade but bad for the US textile industry. But House leaders, faced with no other way to pass fast track, signed the letter. Jim DeMint, Robin Hayes, and Cass Ballenger, as well as two other legislators, changed their votes and trade promotion authority passed with a final vote of 215-214." [Susan Rosegrant, "Pakistani Textile Exports, Fast Track, and the US War on Terror: A Collision of Foreign and Trade Policy Goals," Kennedy School of Government Case Program, 2006]

Andrew Duke Said "'As Time Went On With That Vote And They Needed Help, You Had A Chance To Actually Get Something For The Benefit Of The Industry For Once." "'As time went on with that vote and they needed help, you had a chance to actually get something for the benefit of the industry for once,' says Andrew Duke, chief of staff for Hayes. 'That's not a scenario that presents itself very often.'" [Susan Rosegrant, "Pakistani Textile Exports, Fast Track, and the US War on Terror: A Collision of Foreign and Trade Policy Goals," Kennedy School of Government Case Program, 2006]

- Rep. Robin Hayes Was A Member Of The House Textile Caucus At The Time. "Caucus members included Cass Ballenger (R-NC), Howard Coble (R-NC), Jim DeMint (R-SC), Robin Hayes (R-NC), Sue Myrick (R-NC), and John Spratt (D-SC)." [Susan Rosegrant, "Pakistani Textile Exports, Fast Track, and the US War on Terror: A Collision of Foreign and Trade Policy Goals," Kennedy School of Government Case Program, 2006]
- From November 2000 To December 2008, Andrew Duke Served As The Chief Of Staff For Congressman Robin Hayes (R-NC). [Andrew Duke Resume (CFPB-2019-0415-F).pdf, pg. 1]

 Andrew Duke's Resume Claimed He "Led All Washington DC And North Carolina Staff," "Directed Annual Strategic Planning," And Oversaw Political Operation" For Rep. Hayes. While Rep. Hayes' Chief Of Staff, Andrew Duke claimed in his resume that he "Led all Washington DC and North Carolina staff (15) and outside vendors,"
"Directed annual strategic planning and implementation of goals and priorities,"
"Manages all Congressional office operations," and "Oversaw political operation and organization." [Andrew Duke Resume (CFPB-2019-0415-F).pdf, pg. 2]

Robin Hayes' Family Held A "Textile Fortune" Which Gave At Least \$1.5 Million To His Failed 1996 Bid To Be North Carolina's Governor.

Robin Hayes 1996 Campaign For Governor Took \$1.5 Million From His Family's "Textile Fortune." "But Hayes is way down in the polls. One independent canvass, taken about three weeks ago, put him 26 percentage points behind Hunt, with just 10 percent of respondents still undecided. Faced with numbers like those, Hayes and his advisers have been talking about using more of his family's millions to help boost his campaign. Drawing on the Cannon Mills textile fortune, Hayes' mother already has contributed about \$1.5 million to the campaign, all of it during the Republican primary this spring, Hayes spokesman Andrew Duke said [...]." [John Cochran, "Robin Hayes Running Hard to Catch Jim Hunt," News & Record, 10/02/96]

- Robin Hayes Was Running Against Sitting Democratic Governor Jim Hunt. "Democratic Gov. Jim Hunt seems to be easily out-distancing his Republican challenger, Robin Hayes." [John Cochran, "Robin Hayes Running Hard to Catch Jim Hunt," News & Record, 10/02/96]
- Robin Hayes Ultimately Lost His 1996 Governor's Race. "He ran unsuccessfully for governor in 1996, losing to Democratic Gov. Jim Hunt." ["North Carolina GOP Chairman Hayes won't seek re-election," Associated Press, 04/01/19]

Andrew Duke Said After Hayes' Trade Vote, Textiles "Has Been His Life."

Andrew Duke Said, "'It's Going To Affect Textiles – Which Has Been [Robin Hayes'] Life.'" "'It was a tough vote. They came to these guys at the last second, and they had to make a big decision in a short amount of time. ... It's going to affect textiles – which has been his life.' Duke said Hayes remains convinced that he did the right thing." ["President persuasive on trade," *News and Observer*, 12/12/01]

Consumer, Labor, And Environmental Advocates Worked To Defeat The Fast Track Bill.

"Labor, Environmental And Consumer Groups [Were] Trying To Defeat" The Fast Track Trade Promotion Authority Bill. "The administration has strongly urged Congress to move quickly on trade promotion authority, saying that expanding world trade is key to the economic health of both the United States and its trading partners. Business groups are also campaigning hard for the legislation, while labor, environmental and consumer groups are trying to defeat it." [Jim Abrams, "House puts off contentious vote on trade promotion authority," *Associated Press*, 10/05/01]

Andrew Duke Was Later Dismissive Of The George W. Bush Administration's Textile Trade Policies To Help Pakistan, An Ally During The War In Afghanistan—Duke Said, "'I Doubt That The Masses On The Street That Are Out Burning American Flags Really Care About That A Whole Lot, Frankly."

When Discussing George W. Bush Administration Trade Concessions To Pakistan In Exchange For Its Support During The Afghanistan War, Andrew Duke Said, "'I Doubt That The Masses On The Street That Are Out Burning American Flags Really Care About That A Whole Lot, Frankly." "On October 7, the United States bombed Afghanistan. The military action increased the conviction among many Bush administration officials that Pakistan needed US support and that trade concessions could serve an important political function. 'Musharraf was catching a lot of flak for helping us,' concedes Andrew Duke, chief of staff for Representative Robin Hayes, a member of the Textile Caucus, 'and Pakistan needed something to show for why this was a good thing for them to do.' At the same time, Duke says, the US textile industry felt the potential political impact of trade concessions on Pakistan had been overplayed. 'We're talking about some extra quota and about the potential for tariffs being relaxed,' he says. 'I doubt that the masses on the street that are out burning American flags really care about that a whole lot, frankly." [Susan Rosegrant, "Pakistani Textile Exports, Fast Track, and the US War on Terror: A Collision of Foreign and Trade Policy Goals," Kennedy School of Government Case Program, 2006]